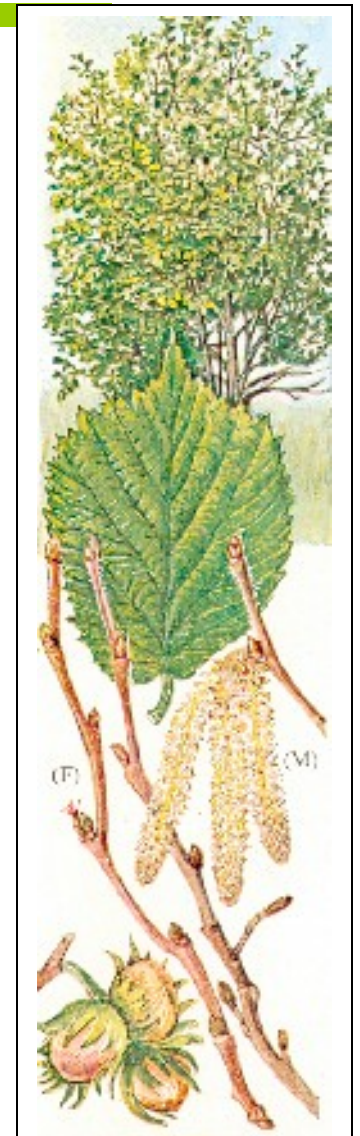


Large & medium sized trees		2016 - 2017												
SPECIES	DESCRIPTION	PROVENANCE	SIZE ZONE (cm)	PRICE EACH (p)				Wet Sites	Light Soils	Heavy Soils	Acid Soils	Neutral Soils	Exposed Sites	Hedging
				Single	10+	100+	1000+							
<b>ALDER</b> <i>Alnus glutinosa</i>	Likes wet ground, Nitrogen fixing, coppices well. Young growth not usually eaten by deer. Very vigorous on wet ground. Good firewood, makes excellent charcoal.	North Argyll (zone 106)	15-30 30-60 60-90 90-120	188 218 248 259	83 97 10 15	42 48 55 60	25 29 33 36	•			•	•		
<b>ASH</b> <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	Alkaline tolerant. Fine strong timber for turnery, furniture and firewood.	North Argyll (zone 106)	15-30 20-40	Not available due to Ash dieback ( <i>Chalara fraxinea</i> )				•	•	•		•	•	
<b>DOWNY BIRCH</b> <i>Betula pubescens</i>	Suitable for wet sites, windfirm, frost hardy and exposure tolerant. Beautiful white bark in young trees. Not as pendulous habit as Silver Birch ( <i>Bet. Pendula</i> ). A true pioneer species.	North Argyll (zone 106)	15-30 30-60 60-90 90-120	188 218 248 270	83 97 10 20	42 48 55 60	25 29 33 36	•	•	•	•	•	•	
<b>BIRD CHERRY</b> <i>Prunus padus</i>	Likes fertile soils, frost hardy small tree but not exposure tolerant. White sprigs of flowers in the spring, and small black cherries attract birds in July.	North Argyll (zone 106)	15-30 30-60 60-90	203 225 255	90 100 113	45 50 57	27 30 34	•					•	✓
<b>CRAB APPLE</b> <i>Malus sylvestris</i>	Native wild apple, aids polination of domestic fruit and attracts wildlife	Borders (zone 108)	40-60 60-90	255 300	13 33	57 67	34 40		•	•		•		✓
<b>GEAN</b> <i>Prunus avium</i>	Likes fertile soils, frost hardy but not high exposure tolerant. White flowers in the spring, edible red/black cherries in summer. Large tree with fine timber.	North Argyll (zone 106)	15-30 30-60 60-90 90-120	203 225 255 285	90 100 113 127	45 50 57 63	27 30 34 38			•		•		
<b>PEDUNCULATE OAK</b> <i>Quercus robur</i>	Both Oak species found in the West coast, also as hybrids. Coppices freely, very high conservation value, great wood for the fire or furniture. Slow to grow but very long lived.	North Argyll (zone 106)	15-30 20-40	212 234	94 04	47 52	n/a n/a	•		•	•	•	•	
<b>SESSILE OAK</b> <i>Quercus petraea</i>	conservation value, great wood for the fire or furniture. Slow to grow but very long lived.	S. England (zone 403)	30-60 50-70	257 270	14 20	57 60	n/a n/a		•		•	•	•	
<b>ROWAN</b> <i>Sorbus aucuparia</i>	A small attractive woodland edge tree with high conservation value. Bright red fruits attract migrant birds.	North Argyll (zone 106)	15-30 30-60 60-90	195 218 240	87 97 107	43 48 53	26 29 32		•		•		•	
<b>SCOTS PINE</b> <i>Pinus sylvestris</i>	The native caledonian pine, this seed collected from the ancient trees of Blackmount, Tyndrum.	Blackmount (SW 202)	10-20 20-40	188 210	83 93	42 47	25 28		•		•		•	
<b>WILLOW, GOAT</b> <i>Salix caprea</i>	Tolerates wet sites and alkaline soils. Goat Willow is a larger willow. Fast growth. May be suitable for short rotation coppice.	North Argyll (zone 106)	15-30 30-60 60-90 90-120	180 210 233 255	80 93 103 113	40 47 52 57	24 28 31 34	•		•		•	•	
<b>WYCH ELM</b> <i>Ulmus glabra</i>	Tolerates exposure & salt spray. Not severely effected by Dutch Elm in West.	Morvern (zone 105)	20-40 30-60	187 212	83 94	50 57	30 34			•		•	•	



Rowan, (*Sorbus aucuparia*)

Small trees & native shrubs				2016 - 2017										
SPECIES	DESCRIPTION	PROVENANCE	SIZE ZONE (cm)	PRICE EACH (p)				Wet Sites	Light Soils	Heavy Soils	Acid Soils	Neutral Soils	Exposed Sites	Hedging
				Single	10+	100+	1000+							
<b>DOG ROSE</b> <i>Rosa canina</i>	Native rose, pink/white flowers and red rosehips. Good addition to wild hedges.	North Argyll (zone 106)	20-40 30-60	225 255	100 113	50 57	30 34		•	•		•	•	✓
<b>ELDER</b> <i>Sambucus nigra</i>	Small tree likes fertile sheltered sites. Use white flowers and black fruits for wine. A good shelter tree for the leading edges of windbreaks.	North Argyll (zone 106)	15-30 20-40 30-60	203 225 255	90 100 113	45 50 57	27 30 34		•	•		•		✓
<b>GUELDER ROSE</b> <i>Viburnum opulus</i>	Very attractive small tree (not a rose!), for moist fertile soils. White flowers, red fruits.	North Argyll (zone 106)	15-30 20-40	270 293	120 130	60 65	36 39	•		•		•		✓
<b>HAWTHORN</b> <i>Crataegus monogyna</i>	Excellent hedging plant, attractive and hardy small tree. Fruits much loved by resident and migrating birds.	North Argyll (zone 106)	15-30 30-60 60-90	203 225 255	90 100 113	45 50 57	27 30 34		•	•	•	•	•	✓✓
<b>HAZEL</b> <i>Corylus avellana</i>	Hardy shrub, coppices easily producing straight poles/handles with high conservation value. Good shelter for wildlife. Edible nuts in autumn. Very good for Red Squirrels and shelter belts.	North Argyll North Argyll (zone 106)	10-20 15-30 30-60 60-90	210 225 248 263	93 100 110	47 50 55 58	28 30 33 35		•	•		•	•	✓
<b>HOLLY</b> <i>Ilex aquifolium</i>	Hardy evergreen with red winter berries. Tolerates shade. Fantastic firewood. In Cells.	Borders (203 cells)	15-30 20-40	Please call with quantity for a price					•		•	•		✓
<b>JUNIPER</b> <i>Juniperus communis</i>	Evergreen shrub with both upright and prostrate forms (please specify).	Argyll (106) (c+1)	10-15 15-30	413 413	183 183	92 92	55 55		•		•	•	•	
<b>SLOE</b> <i>Prunus spinosa</i>	Sloe, or Blackthorn, is a small attractive thorny shrub, good for hedging with Hawthorn. Purple Sloes used for Sloe Gin.	North Argyll (zone 106)	15-30 30-60 60-90	203 225 255	90 100 113	45 50 57	27 30 34	•	•	•		•	•	✓✓
<b>WILLOW, EARED &amp; GREY</b> <i>Salix aurita &amp; cineria</i>	Tolerate wet sites and exposure. Very high conservation value, coppice well with fast regrowth. Grey Willow is a larger form, Eared being more shrubby. Great shelter/nurse tree.	North Argyll (zone 106)	15-30 30-60 60-90 90-120	180 210 233 255	80 93 103	40 47 52 57	24 28 31 34	•			•	•		
<b>WILLOW, PURPLE</b> <i>Salix purpurea</i>	Prefers wet neutral/alkaline sites. Exposure tolerant. Attractive purple/red young foliage.	Morvern (zone 105)	30-60 60-90	375 540	167 240	83 120	50 72	•				•	•	
<b>Species not native to Argyll</b>														
<b>BEECH</b> <i>(Fagus sylvatica)</i>	Traditional hardwood hedging and forest tree.	English (zone 404)	40-60 60-90	255 285	113 127	57 63	34 38		•		•	•	•	✓✓
<b>EUROPEAN LARCH</b> <i>(Larix decidua)</i>	Deciduous conifer with fine durable timber	German	20-40 40-60	POA POA	POA POA	POA POA			•	•	•			
<b>SYCAMORE</b> <i>(Acer pseudoplatanus)</i>	Common fast growing broadleaf forest tree	Argyll 106	20-40 40-60	188 218	83 97	42 48	25 29		•	•	•	•	•	
<b>NORDMAN FIR</b> <i>Abies nordmanniana</i>	Popular species for 'no-drop' christmas trees	Georgia (2+1)	20-40	338	150	75	45		•		•	•		



Hazel,  
*(Corylus avellana)*